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NATURE OF THE HAZARD

Many different places require welding, cutting, and other hot work. Some of these places lack room and become “confined spaces.” Confined spaces have the following characteristics:

- Limited space, entry, or exit.
- Poor ventilation – lack of safe breathing air and possible buildup of hazardous gases, fumes, and particles.

EXAMPLES OF CONFINED SPACES

Small rooms  Process vessels
Pits  Tunnels
Vats  Furnaces
Storage tanks  Pipelines
Sewers  Silos
Degreasers  Boilers
Reactor vessels  Utility vaults
Compartments of ships  Ventilation ducts
Unventilated room areas  Conveyors

REASONS FOR DEATHS AND SERIOUS INJURIES FROM HOT WORK IN CONFINED SPACES

- Fire
- Electric shock
- Exposure to hazardous air contaminants
- Explosion
- Asphyxiation

ACTIONS REQUIRED BEFORE APPROVING HOT WORK IN A CONFINED SPACE

- Determine if special training or a permit is required to enter the space.
- Open all covers and secure them from closing.
- Test atmosphere for:
  1. Suitable oxygen content
  2. Combustibles or reactives
  3. Toxics

Note: The testing requires special equipment and training.

- Isolate lines by capping or double blocking and bleeding. Keep vents open and valves leak-free.
- Lock out/tagout all systems not required during hot work.
- Provide means for readily turning off power, gas, and other supplies from outside the confined space.
- Protect or remove any hazardous materials or materials which may become hazardous when exposed to hot work.
REQUIRED ACTIONS DURING HOT WORK IN A CONFINED SPACE

• Continuously ventilate and monitor air to ensure fumes and gases do not exceed safe exposure limits.

• 29 CFR 1910.252(c) and 1926.353(c) require the use of local exhaust ventilation or supplied air respiratory protection when hot work is performed in a confined space where there is a potential for exposure to fluorine compounds (fluxes and rod coatings), zinc, lead, cadmium, or mercury. When beryllium is present, use both local exhaust and a supplied-air respirator.

• 29 CFR 1926.353(c) requires the use of local exhaust ventilation or supplied air respiratory protection when hot work is performed in a confined space where there is a potential for exposure to chromium or when Gas Metal Arc Welding is performed on stainless steel.

• Use NIOSH/MSHA (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health/Mine Safety and Health Administration) approved breathing device when required by code.

• Keep unnecessary persons and equipment out of, and away from, the confined space.

• Do not allow equipment to block exit or rescue efforts.

• Place as much equipment as possible outside the confined space.

• Do not enter a confined space unless a watchperson, properly equipped and trained for rescue, is outside. Maintain continuous communications with the worker inside.

• When possible, provide means for readily turning off power, gases, and fuel from inside the confined space, even if outside turn-off means are provided.

INFORMATION SOURCES


