

Fig. 14 — Force change vs. welding time (constant preset force and current).

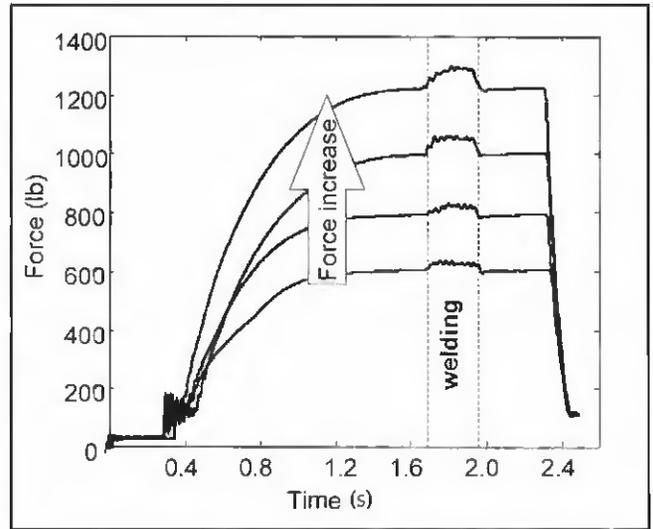


Fig. 15 — Force profiles vs. present forces.

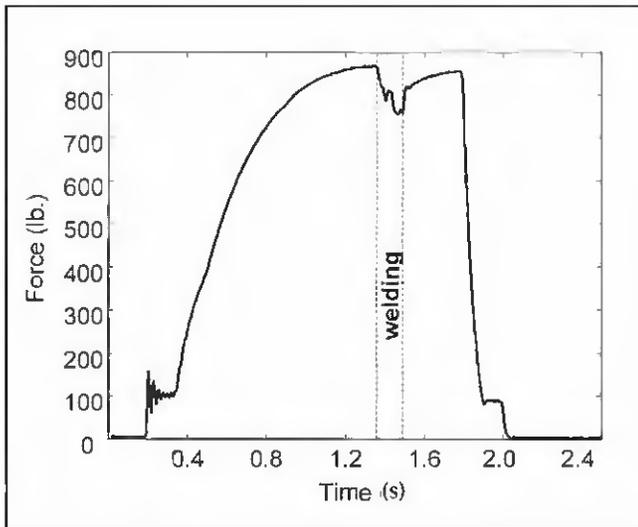


Fig. 16 — Force change of aluminum welding.

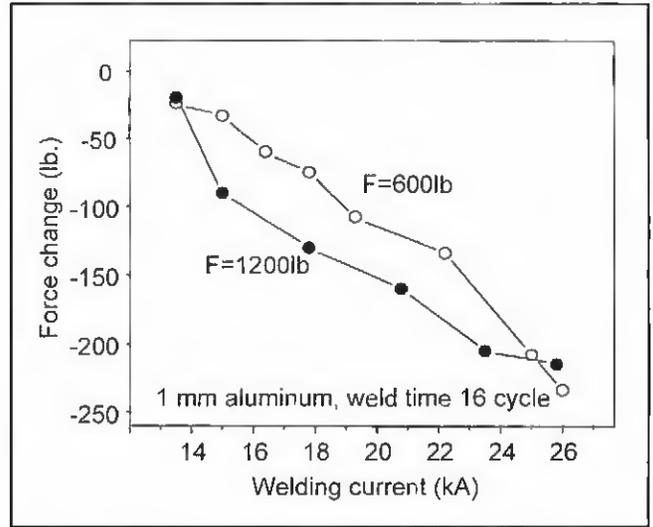


Fig. 17 — Force changes for aluminum on a 75-kVA pedestal welding machine.

steel because of their distinctive physical properties. The comparison of material properties between a mild steel and an aluminum alloy is listed in Table 2, where the property ratio is that of the aluminum alloy over that of steel.

Accordingly, the welding schedules for aluminum were different from steel. A comparison of welding schedules is listed in Table 3 for 1.5-mm sheets. For example, the preset force for aluminum welding was about 1.5 times larger than that for steel welding.

If the electrode face is 6 mm in diameter for steel welding, the pressure on the workpiece surface is 126 MPa, which is

about 36% of the steel yield stress at room temperature. Comparatively, the pressure is about 133 MPa for aluminum welding with a 7-mm-diameter electrode, which is about 116% of the aluminum alloy's yield stress. Even at room temperature, the aluminum alloy yields under normal working conditions. At high temperatures, the workpiece deforms plastically. Consequently, the measured force declines.

Further Discussions on Force Change

The basic reason for the force change is the thermal expansion of the weld area

due to Joule heating. The expansion may be simplified into three steps: solid thermal expansion, phase transformation from solid to liquid and liquid expansion beyond metal melting point. In all three phases, the volume of the weld area expands. Quantitatively, the volume changes of a pure iron and an aluminum alloy are shown in Fig. 19.

In RSW, however, the expansion of the weld area is much more complex than that shown in Fig. 19. First, the nugget expands during welding. The temperature distribution in the nugget and its surrounding solid is not uniform. Besides, the weld area is constrained by



